

## The Times-Dispatch.

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FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1908.

## The Davis Monument.

A special from Atlanta, Ga., says that the committee in charge of the McKinley Monument Association will abandon the effort to erect in that city a monument to the late President, and will notify the subscribers to the fund that the money that they have paid is at their disposal. It was proposed to raise \$7,000, but only \$1,800 was subscribed.

We respectfully suggest to the subscribers that they turn this money over to the Jefferson Davis Monument Association.

In this connection we are interested to observe that the Boston Transcript says that the Jefferson Davis monument is to be erected in Charleston, S. C.

"It may not be amiss to note," adds the Transcript, "that the accepted design represents him as he appeared before the war, when his mental and physical forces were at their best. In fact, the attitude chosen is one which might be remembered by some as that when he appeared in Faneuil Hall, Boston, in 1855, to speak on the condition and dangers of the country. It may seem strange to those who are familiar with the Davis that he was among the earliest advocates of States rights and the independence of the community, but such was the case. He instigated Governor Hancock's refusal to accept General Washington in Boston on the day after the battle of Gettysburg, showing how one of the founders regarded the duty of the individual of the States as superior to that of the Union. Whatever may be thought of the Confederate movement, it is to be remembered that many men who rendered far less public service have had statues erected in their honor. Jefferson Davis, as a soldier in the Civil War, as a representative, as a senator and as Secretary of War, had a record besides that of Confederate leader."

It is interesting that this esteemed New England contemporary should be able to find any good whatever in Jefferson Davis; should be able to tolerate the bare thought of a monument to his memory. But candor compels us to inform the Transcript that this monument will be erected in Richmond, which was the Capital of the Confederacy, and that it will be erected to the memory of Jefferson Davis, the President of the Confederacy, and erected to him, not because of his service to the United States government, but because of his service and of his loyalty to the Southern Confederacy.

## St. Louis and the Conventions.

A little while ago it was supposed that St. Louis could have the next National Republican Convention and the National Democratic Convention, both, "for the asking," and that may be so; but it doesn't appear that it is going to "ask" for either!

It has become the custom for the city that secures either one of these conventions to raise a large sum and give it to the party committee for national campaign expenses. But it happens that just at this time St. Louis is committed to so many enterprises of so many different sorts in connection with the exposition, it is not much disposed to undertake to raise any money for outside purposes.

At any rate, that seems to be the St. Louis view at present, and unless a different disposition is shown pretty soon, other cities will step in and make tempting bids for these conventions.

Indeed, it is now said that Chicago can obtain both the national conventions if it wishes to do so, and will raise the usual sum of money to present to the national committee. Chicago, however, doesn't seem "wild" to move in the matter. We judge from what we see printed that it may make a bid for the Republican Convention, but it is not so certain that it cares to have the Democratic Convention also.

Of all the places proposed for these national conventions, St. Louis is the least desirable, for the reason that the attractions of the exposition will be so very great that members of a convention will hardly be able to find time to attend to their political duties. Probably the delegates would rather go to St. Louis than to any other city, but if they do go there, they will find more difficulty than they would find elsewhere in sitting down quietly and discharging plain, commonplace convention duties.

## Jury Service.

The matter of jury service is interesting to the people of Savannah just now.

It appears that the jury commissioners of that city have relieved from service numbers of men to whom the law extends no exemption.

It is charged against them that among the names so omitted from the list are those of persons who have been active in seeking to indict violators of gambling and liquor laws, and to such an extent

has this thing gone—or alleged to have gone—that the grand jury has asked the attention of the court to it.

It is conceded by the commissioners that they have omitted from the list the names of some bankers, railroad officers and other very busy men, but they resent the suggestion that they have relieved any man for any cause, such as inclining gamblers or liquor dealers.

Quite an acrimonious discussion has grown out of this question, and the commissioners have conferred with the judge of the court, and are now to meet and revise their jury lists. The further result will be that no one's name will be omitted from the new list unless he is plainly entitled to be exempted under the existing law.

There is heard in Savannah the same complaint that is heard in many other American cities—that there is lack of good material drawn for jurors. The fact, however, is that good, worthy, reliable men too often secure exemption or enter excuses which relieve them from a duty which should fall impartially upon every citizen. However, it is a good thing for a city to be stirred up on this subject from time to time. Such discussions are sure to be educational. The conscientious man will ask himself if he is doing his duty to his neighbors in excusing himself from jury service. Civic pride ought to make the good citizen willing to do a few days' jury service each year. The business man wants good, sensible, trustworthy jurors to try cases in which he is interested, but it is rare that he himself is willing to go into a jury box. Yet turn about is only fair play, and the desired reform in the jury service in the average American city will never come about until leading citizens refuse to claim exemptions and express a desire to do their part of this duty to the public.

## Prohibition in Danville.

We have a private letter from Rev. Dr. J. Cleveland Hall, rector of the Episcopal Church in Danville, in which he complains that the reports in the Richmond newspapers of his recent sermon on the operation of the prohibition law in Danville did not fairly represent his position.

Our remarks were based upon a synopsis of the sermon printed in the Danville Bee. Since then we have seen the full text of the sermon and we think that Dr. Hall's complaint is well founded. We have read the sermon in full with interest and it impresses us as being the deliverance of a fair-minded man whose honest purpose was to present both sides of the case without prejudice. On the one hand he conceded all the surface benefits from prohibition that its advocates claim for it. He admits that it has not injured, but rather helped the general business of the city, and showed that while there has been a considerable decrease in the revenue from license taxes, this had been more than offset by an increase on real and personal property. He admitted also that there had been fewer arrests for drunkenness and for offenses usually chargeable to intemperance, and he admitted that the general order of the city had been materially improved.

But that, he said, was the outside, the public and patent side, and he then went on to show that there was a secret side and that the secret evils of prohibition were most deplorable. From his investigations he was satisfied that more whiskey was being consumed in Danville homes under prohibition than when the saloons were in full blast. He contended that liquor was being sold in large quantities in defiance of the law; that many of those who had voted for prohibition kept full supplies of spirits in their homes; that many others who had been in the habit of taking a drink occasionally at the saloons and indulging in a periodical spree now kept a jug in the cupboard, and kept themselves soaked with whiskey all the time. He said that there were a dozen clubs composed of young men who met regularly at their chosen resorts to drink in secret; to play cards for money, and to indulge in other vices which are worse than their intoxication or gambling. He contended that the law encouraged lawlessness; encouraged secret sins and hypocrisy; and he was convinced that, morally speaking, prohibition had been a failure.

It is unfair to him, however, to say that he advocated the open saloon. On the contrary, he denounced the saloon and said that it was not a help, but a hindrance to the material and moral welfare of the community. He made a strong and eloquent appeal to the people of Danville to enforce the prohibition law; to stop the illegal sale of intoxicants; and he urged parents and business men and all citizens, who were in any way responsible for the conduct of young men, to use every honest endeavor and every legitimate means to break up the vicious social clubs that the young men had formed in secret and to stop them from their demoralizing indulgences. But he was bold enough to say, on the other hand, if after an honest and faithful endeavor they found that they could not stop the illegal traffic in intoxicants and break up the secret indulgences described; if, in a word, they could not make prohibition prohibit, then to see to it that the sale of intoxicants be put where it could be under surveillance and control. "Make it legal sale," said he, "if you are powerless to check the debauchery of outlaws now broadcast in the city and daily becoming more and more a curse. Turn your minds from the contemplation of the mercantile district; turn from the business floor of the downtown stores to an examination of the rooms upstairs over them. Find out, so that you will know that you know where your boys are at night; where your clerks and bookkeepers are."

In short, the whole discourse may be thus summed up in a phrase: Dr. Hall expressed himself as being in favor of prohibition, that will prohibit. But he was frank enough and brave enough to say that he preferred the legal sale of intoxicants to the illegal sale; he preferred the old condition in Danville to the new, because he believed that the last state was worse than the first; because the prohibition law of Danville had proven to be more demoralizing than the

law licensing and regulating the liquor traffic.

It was stated in our news columns yesterday that twelve of the local ministers of Danville had taken issue with Dr. Hall and issued a card expressing the opinion that his sermon was hurtful to the cause of temperance and misleading as to the true state of things in that community.

## The Beautiful Woman.

A woman is always entertaining when she talks of matrimony, and so we have been entertained by an article on that subject contributed to the Chicago Tribune by Helen Oldfield. The article deals especially with pretty candidates for matrimony, and men are warned that "the who marries a beauty takes heavy chances, and is rarely as happily mated as he who is contented with a wife possessed of merely an ordinary share of good looks."

The argument is that the beautiful woman is almost sure to be badly spoiled. "Accustomed to regard herself as a person of importance, to be preferred to others upon all occasions, and always to be made much of, it is small wonder if she is selfish and inconsiderate of other people. It is but the natural result of her training, a case of 'as the twig is bent, from the time when passers by stop the nurse with her perambulator on the sidewalk to exclaim over and admire the pretty baby she is used to admiration, and has found that her face is a fortune which pays her way with all men and some women.' At home she is put forward to the neglect of her plainer sisters, and unless her mother is more than usually sensible much more pains are taken with her dress and adornment. At school she is given a prominent position in every class, and is frequently the object of admiration, and not infrequently of envy. Her good looks are subordinated to her. At dancing school she has her choice of partners, and at children's parties the boys flock round her as the men do later in life, to the neglect of the girls who cannot lay claim to beauty."

Nor is the beautiful woman apt, in the opinion of Miss Oldfield, to be useful, for she is taught from her childhood that her business in life is to be ornamental. Moreover, the beautiful woman falls into the habit of receiving the homage of men, and is usually disposed to hold court even after she is married. She is not content with the homage of one man.

Therefore, it is the advice of Miss Oldfield that the man who wants an unselfish wife and a useful wife should never go courting at the house of Miss Beautiful, and more especially so, if he be of a jealous disposition.

But before concurring in the view of this matrimonial expert, we should want to know her definition of beauty, for beauty is of several kinds. There is one beauty of feature, another of complexion, and another of expression, for one stare disdaint from another star in the galaxy of femininity.

True beauty in woman is more than skin deep; it is heart deep. The man who is capable of appreciating that variety of beauty may be himself to the most beautiful woman he can win, and he will make no mistake. That variety of beauty does not fade, for it is as enduring as the soul, and the soul is immortality. That is the beauty which is a joy forever, and happy the man who marries such a beautiful wife.

## Carolina Wins.

For several years past, on each recurring Thanksgiving Day, the football team of the University of Virginia has met the team of the University of North Carolina in a contest for honors, and each year until 1907 Virginia won without much difficulty. The Carolina boys took their defeat good naturedly, however, and came back the following year with renewed determination. Last year the game resulted in a tie, and this year North Carolina won a glorious victory.

It was that the boys of the University of Virginia go down in defeat, no matter what the contest may be. It takes good men to beat them, and North Carolina's achievement is most notable. But if defeat had to come to our boys we are glad that the honor of the triumph goes to the old North State. It cannot go to a more worthy or a more beloved competitor.

The President seems to have straightened out the troubles in his party in New York State. He has brought Platt and Odell together, and they now "understand one another." Platt is boss and Odell recognizes him as such, but will be so well treated in the matter of patronage that he will have nothing to complain of. It is expected that this arrangement will work so well that the President will have no more bother about the Empire State; at least not until the month of November, 1909. So far as present Republican management can go, the State is "fixed" for him.

Bishop Thomas Bowman, of New Jersey, the oldest Methodist Episcopal bishop, is credited with saying that he suspected John Wilkes Booth of an intention to kill President Lincoln, and told Mr. Lincoln so. The bishop was then chaplain of the Senate. One day he saw Booth enter the chamber and he was struck by his appearance. Later he saw Booth hanging around the White House. Being convinced that Booth had murderous intentions against the President, he told the latter so, but the President would not believe it, and smiled at his suggestion.

Countess Isabella Weissorska Kwilecki has for the second time been acquitted of the charge of presenting a false heir to an estate in the Province of Posen. Day before yesterday in Berlin, after undergoing a most rigid trial, she was acquitted, and acquitted for the second time! More than two years ago, after a sensational trial at Posen, she was acquitted of a like charge. It ought to be settled now and forever that the boy whom she claims as her own is her son. But it seems to be a curious provision of law which permits a person to be tried twice for the same offense.

Caleb Powers, who was convicted of conspiracy to kill Governor Goebel, of Kentucky, has been found guilty twice of murder in the second degree, and again, on the last trial, of murder in the first degree. In Virginia he could

not have been convicted on his third trial of any grade higher than that found against him on his former trials, but there are many people in this State who are not satisfied with the Virginia law on this subject. In Powers' case it would seem that he ought to be hanged or else set at liberty; but what he is doing is trying to get a new trial.

The disposition of the indicted statesmen of Henrico to laugh the thing away may remind somebody of that little boy who whistled while going by the grave yard.

The turkey hash that will lead the boarding house tables for the next few mornings will be a terror to dyspeptics and men with hob-nailed livers.

The "most beautiful woman in the United States" was burned to death at Murfreesboro, Tenn., on Wednesday last. But there are others.

And the wonder of the day was, how did such a big gobbler as the President had grow in so small a State as Rhode Island.

The matter of returning thanks should not end now. Every day can and should be Thanksgiving day.

Now we suppose we are all at liberty to commence shelling the woods for Christmas festivities.

Panama is ten times as long as Pittsylvania county and nearly as wide as Warwick county.

The extra session of Congress is the biggest joke the country has ever had on Mr. Roosevelt.

Yesterday was the one day in the year when we talked about it, but failed to give thanks.

Oklahoma has 530,000 population, with a larger proportion of land owners to population than any country in the world.

The Chicago Police having had sufficient exercise by way of walking, the street car strike has been declared off.

It would certainly be more proper to call it foot-ball and excursion train day.

What about that big bad of money you did not win on foot-ball yesterday?

Senator Carmack is a happy man. He has had his say at the President.

And the small boy was thankful that Christmas is yet to come.

All that Uncle Sam wants of Panama is a hole through it.

Anyhow, the war on turkey did not end yesterday.

## Voice of a Penitent.

Oh, when gloomy hours I spent alone, In sadness, sorrow, woe and distress, Oh, when loss of hope made youth forlorn, And gracious God did me depress!

1 cried aloud for alteration, But Christ, my righteous advocate, And sinful men's propitiation, Said, "First, my truths you vindicate."

Oh, when melancholy is one's king, And is relentless, ruthless thought; Oh, when the heart is a smoldering thing, And death is often gladly sought.

So keep me now from contemplating, O God, those deeds which eat in remorse, And free my heart of its pulsating, In fear that I will suffer loss.

L. B. FRANK.

## FLAG RAISING.

Crowning Event of Thanksgiving Day in Raleigh.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 26.—The crowning feature of the Thanksgiving observance in Raleigh was the flag presentation to the graded schools by Capital City Council, No. 1, J. R. O. U. A. M. held at 2:30 o'clock. State Councilor George E. P. Cresswell, who presided, presented the flag to the city churches and good collections were taken for the various denominational orphanages and for the poor. All States offices and nearly all places of business were closed most of the day.

## SAFES CRACKED.

Burglars Take Standard Oil Safe in Yard and Blow It Open.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) DURHAM, N. C., Nov. 26.—During last night's safes in the offices of the Durham Standard Oil Company and the Durham Paper Box Factory were broken open. The burglars secured \$100 in money and a watch valued at \$250. The latter belonging to Paul Collins, one of the managers of the company in this city.

At the box factory the robbers secured only \$15. The chief of police believes that the work of the city professional. The Standard Oil safe was taken from the office and blown open in the yard.

## Progressive Church.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) GREENSBORO, N. C., Nov. 26.—The fixtures for the 500 pipe organ to be placed in West Market Street Methodist Church arrived today. It will be formally used in the service which will be given by the choir of thirty voices, directed by Dr. John H. Wheeler.

At a meeting of the board of stewards of this church last night, the salary of the pastor, Rev. Dr. Turrittine, was raised \$30, making it \$2,000 per annum.

## Not Guilty.

(By Associated Press.) NEWBERRY, N. C., Nov. 26.—William Phillips charged with the murder of Charles Meadows on account of love for Meadows' wife, was today pronounced not guilty by the jury.

## The Schooner Penrose Floated.

(By Associated Press.) SPARROWS POINT, MD., Nov. 26.—The schooner John R. Penrose, Captain Nelson, coal laden, which went ashore off Seven Foot Knoll Light house yesterday, was floated by the tug Meta and proceeded on her voyage.

## AN EXCELLENT CURE FOR CHILDREN.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a favorite with the mothers of small children. It can always be depended upon as a quick cure for coughs, colds and croup. It has been the standard remedy for many years and never disappoints them. It is pleasant to take, which is important when a medicine must be given to a small child. As it contains no opium or other harmful drug, there is no danger whatever in giving it. For sale by all druggists.

## SUICIDE IN SALISBURY.

Boyden Trexler Shoots Himself in the Presence of a Deputy Sheriff.

## TO FINISH ELECTRIC LINE

The Salisbury Board of Aldermen Issue Licenses to Several Distilleries in City Limits.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

SALISBURY, N. C., Nov. 26.—Contracts have been signed here between three Cincinnati gentlemen and a similar number of local financiers which will mean the completion of the Salisbury-Spencer street railway at an early date. Representatives of the northern capitalists were here this week perfecting the plans which have been under way for some months. The articles of agreement being signed Tuesday night. It is stated that work will be resumed on the line during the coming week and pushed to a rapid completion. Nearly all of the grading has been done and ties and rails have been placed over about one-half of the road. It is learned that the new power plant will be located in Spencer and that the new concern will be able to furnish light to the town as well as power for small industries throughout the community. The building and equipment of the new road will mean the expenditure of many thousands of dollars and its use will practically unite Salisbury and Spencer into one community.

DISTILLERIES LICENSED. The Salisbury Board of Aldermen have granted licenses to the following concerns to operate distilleries in this city: R. P. Roseman, capacity 21 bushels; M. J. Melshelmer, capacity 21 bushels; T. E. S. Ludwick, 21 bushels; J. A. Summers, 75 bushels, and the D. L. Aray Company and M. L. Bean with capacity no given. The tax rate as fixed by the board ranges from \$400 to \$700, according to the capacity of the business. The operators will be subject to strict regulations under the supervision of a special distillery committee from the Board of Aldermen. Each operator will be placed under a \$1,500 bond guaranteeing to keep within the regulations prescribed by law.

## SUICIDE.

Boyden Trexler, white, and aged fifty-five years, committed suicide yesterday afternoon at his home, about three miles west of this city. The deed was committed by shooting himself through the head with a pistol. Coffee was done in the presence of Deputy Sheriff Sloop, of Rowan county, who had gone to the Trexler home for the purpose of arresting the deceased on a peace warrant sworn out yesterday by his wife. It is learned here that Trexler had been drinking heavily for about a week and on yesterday morning became desperate and drove his family of eight children and his wife from home, threatening to kill them. Trexler was given a peace warrant to serve. When the latter arrived at the home of Trexler and informed him of his mission Trexler, it is stated became almost wild, ran into the house and leveled a gun on the officer. The latter, seeing him not to shoot, at the same time covering him with his own weapon. Trexler, as if crazed, turned his pistol to his own head and fired, killing himself instantly. The deceased was frequently in trouble of some kind, was often drunk and did not get along well in the world. He and one of his sons had served a term in the State penitentiary for stealing whiskey. No blame at attached to the actions of Deputy Sloop for his actions, as he did only his duty in attempting to serve the warrant upon Trexler.

## FIRE IN THE COUNTY.

A small fire occurred early Sunday morning at the country home of Mr. T. M. Kern, ex-chairman of the county commissioners, about five miles east of Salisbury. A servant had kindled a fire in the bed-room of Mr. Kern and it is presumed the stove became too hot and the drape near it ignited, setting fire to the furniture. The fire was quickly extinguished by Mr. Kern's wife, who was in the building, doing about a dozen pieces of laundry. The weekly publication of the Anti-Saloon League of Salisbury, has suspended publication until sufficient support is promised in the way of subscriptions. It is also understood that "items," the organ of the whiskey people of this city, will not be issued in the future.

## THE BIRD SHIPPERS.

Turns Out to be an Offense Against United States Law.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) GREENSBORO, N. C., Nov. 26.—The merchants of Siler City, whose express packages of birds being shipped north were confiscated here, were willing to submit before a justice of the peace here and get out of it as quick and as light as possible. Their attorney, Mr. W. D. Siler, of Siler City, upon investigation of the law, however, found that the case would have to be tried in Chatham county, and that a justice had not final jurisdiction in the matter. The expected trial here has, therefore, been abandoned, and a preliminary hearing will be held at Siler City to-morrow. Game Warden Westley leaving for that place to-day to appear as a witness on the part of the prosecution of the matter. In the investigation of the matter it has been found that it is a violation of the United States statutes to ship birds out of the State, the penalty named being \$300.

## KILLED BY HIS FRIEND.

Fatal Hunting Accident to a Merchant.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) HENDERSON, N. C., Nov. 26.—To-day while hunting in company with two friends, near Dickerson's Crossing, on the Northern and Durham Railroad, Mr. Eugene Betts, merchant, was accidentally shot in the back of the head and instantly killed. Robert Crockett fired at a rabbit and Betts received the load in his back.

## Greensboro's Observance.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) GREENSBORO, N. C., Nov. 26.—Thanksgiving Day has been suitably observed here. Even the saloons closed, and parties wishing liquid ammunition to take in quest of game to keep out the biting cold were put to considerable inconvenience. Everybody appreciated the commendable action of the saloons. Services at all the churches were largely attended and the offerings at all the various orphanages of the State were greater than ever before. At Grace Methodist Protestant Church there was a union service, in which the congregations of Westminster Presbyterian, the Northern Methodist Episcopal and the Centenary Methodist Episcopal churches joined, services being conducted by Rev. J. Edgar Williams, of the Friends.

## Time's Ripe to Begin Selecting Your Christmas Gifts

Preparations for Xmas gifts are busily going on in thousands of homes. Christmas is nearer than some of us realize. The shortening days of November and December fly fast.

Gift making is a difficult task unless there are large and suggestive stocks from which to select. Last season we could hardly do justice to the buyers who crowded this handsome store. This season finds us in a position to do justice all around—to our patrons, ourselves and our merchandise.

We have good reason to believe that our old customers will come back and the many new ones gained this past year—others we hope to gain—will all make their Christmas purchases here.

Why not select your gift now? The store is not so crowded and you can inspect our stock at leisure.

We extend to you the courtesies of our credit system, if you wish. Some Gift Hints—

Signet Rings, \$2 up; Diamond Rings, \$10 up.

Bracelets, \$1 up; Watches, \$5 up.

Opera Glasses, \$5 up; Chatelaines, \$2 up; Chains, Etc.

One visit will convince you of the beauty of our goods and that our prices are lower than goods of like quality can be bought elsewhere.

## Schwarzschild Bros.

Richmond's Leading Jewelers.

123 E. Broad St., Cor. Second.

## The Busy Season is On.

But we made ample preparation by buying largely; so our stores are still filled with reliable up-to-date goods, such as

Parlor, Chamber, Dining-Room, Kitchen and Hall Furniture, Bedding, Floor Coverings and Draperies.

In Our Store and Heater Department you will find about 50 to select from of the best makes, put up free and guaranteed.

LOW PRICES JONES BROS. & CO., EAST TERMS 1406-1409 East Main Street.

## HEADQUARTERS FOR THANKSGIVING SUPPLIES Dressed Chickens and Turkeys at Low Prices.

Best American Granulated Sugar, 4c. Carrots or a pint of Coffee, pound, 35c. 3 pounds California Peaches for 25c. Matrices, dozen boxes, 40c. Home-Made Mince Meat, pound, 10c. Oyster Crackers and Duff, pound, 10c. Small California Hams, pound, 10c. 2 pounds New Hominy and Grits for 10c. Three pounds Seedless Raisins for 25c. Large Juicy Lemons, dozen, 12c. The Best City Meal, per peck, 10c. 10c. or bushel, 10c. Large New Irish Potatoes, peck, 20c. Best Cream Cheese, pound, 15c. Brown Sugar, pound, 10c. Canned Tomatoes, per can, 10c. Mother's Cats, package, 10c. Good Lard, pound, 9c. or 3 lbs. for 25c. Whole Sweet Pickles, quart, 10c. Gibson, XXXX, Mt. Vernon, Oscar Pepper and Brand Whiskey, bottle, 75c. 3-pound Jar Home-Made Preserves, 12c. Blackberry or Catawba Wine, quart 12c. Malaga Grapes, pound, 12c. Salt Pork, per pound, 10c. Pound Calf Chipped Beef, 15c. Cranberries, quart, 10c. Good Green or Mixed Tea, pound, 30c. New Virginia Buckwheat, 7 lbs. for 25c. Canned Sugar Corn, 10c. White A Sugar, 10c. Large Lump Starch, pound, 10c. Duffy's Malt Whiskey, per bottle, 80c.

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A. W. ROSENE, 25 South Thirteenth Street.